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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/942,961	08/31/2001	Seung-Cheol Hong	P54428RE	7701
7590 01/18/2008 Robert E Bushnell and Law Firm 1522 K Street NW			EXAMINER	
			MYERS, PAUL R	
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1	RECORD OF ORAL HEARING
2	I UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
3 4	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEWARK OFFICE
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6	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
7	AND INTERFERENCES
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9	
10	Ex parte SEUNG-CHEOL HONG and KI-YOUNG JANG
11	
12	Appeal 2007, 1052
13 14	Appeal 2007-1953 Application 09/942,961
15	Application 07/742,701
16	
17	Oral Hearing Held: December 19, 2007
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19	
	re LANCE LEONARD BARRY, HOWARD B. BLANKENSHIP, and
21JAY 22	P. LUCAS, Administrative Patent Judges.
	BEHALF OF THE APPELLANT:
24	
25	ROBERT E. BUSHNELL, ESQUIRE
26	R.E. Bushnell & Law Firm
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28	Suite 300
29 30	Washington, D.C. 20005
31	The above-entitled matter came on for hearing on Wednesday,
32Dece	mber 19, 2007, commencing at 9:00 a.m., at The U.S. Patent and
33Trade	emark Office, 600 Dulany Street, Alexandria, Virginia, before Carol A.
34Lowe	e, RPR, CCR No. 0313084, Notary Public.
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36	PROCEEDINGS
37	JUDGE BARRY: Good morning, Mr. Bushnell.

1Appeal 2007-1953 2Application 09/942,961 3

- 1 MR. BUSHNELL: If it please the Board, I am Robert E. Bushnell for 2-- this is Samsung Electronics, Co., Ltd.
- And this would be the first hearing. The application was remanded to 4the examiner. And the Board had pointed out some questions that are rather 5cogent.
- The long and the short of it is the examiner requested production of references that were used to prepare the application. And he didn't actually 8get around to focusing on any part of the application.
- And it seemed in the exchange of papers the examiner was asking that 10broadly, not the application for the patent and not specifically the application 11for the re-issue.
- And I hope it doesn't surprise anyone that the claims in the re-issue 13case are wildly different from the claims in the patent application, the parent. 14I don't think that's a surprise to anyone. Morrie Klitzman from --
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Well, we have to assume that nothing new 16is being invented in the re-issue application. Is that a fair assumption?
- MR. BUSHNELL: Nothing new is added; but, you know, things are 18being invented. What Morrie Klitzman from IBM used to explain, that the 19more time an attorney spends on a case the smarter the attorney becomes.
- JUDGE BARRY: Right.
- MR. BUSHNELL: And it's not unusual to sit there -- sometimes you 22put these up on your workbench at night. You look at them. And after a 23while you begin to see something different from what you originally 24claimed.

7Appeal 2007-1953 8Application 09/942,961

10

- And that can lead to all kinds of problems during the original 2examination; restriction, election of species after the fact and that sort of 3thing.
- Here the -- what it came down to, nobody knows where Figure 1 5originated; but there's no reason to believe it's not the applicant's good faith 6effort to comply with Rule 83 to describe what he was doing when this idea 7occurred to him.
- And if you've never had the honor of working with inventors -- and it 9doesn't make any difference whether they're graduates of the high school 10commercial course in cosmetics or whether they're a Ph.D. in physics. It's 11the same.
- They spend a lot of time doing what they're doing. And one day they 13begin to realize there's a problem with it. That's half of it. And they struggle 14and struggle. And they come up with a solution. It might be the first 15solution. It might not be the best solution. And usually they keep on 16working often long after the application is filed.
- So we can presume that Figure 1 was what the inventors were 18working with at the time they made their invention.
- Now, the inventors here went beyond Figure 1. And they figured out 20that they can put a switch between the heater coil of the cathode ray tube and 21the power supply.
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Well, before we get away from Figure 1, 23there's a -- there was a response filed September 29th, 2006.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Yes.
- 25 JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Do you have that?

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13Appeal 2007-1953

14Application 09/942,961

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- 1 MR. BUSHNELL: Yeah. Okay. Not right in front of me. What did I 2say?
- JUDGE BARRY: You can take a moment, Mr. Bushnell, if you 4would like.
- 5 MR. BUSHNELL: 2006?
- JUDGE BARRY: For what it's worth, the PTO stamped it as -- on 7September 29th, 2006.
- 8 MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. September 19, 2006?
- 9 JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: September 29th. It's also dated on the 10second page as the 29th of September '06.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. Response filed.
- JUDGE LUCAS: Did you find it, Mr. Bushnell?
- MR. BUSHNELL: Yes, I have that. It's a two-page response.
- 14 JUDGE LUCAS: Correct.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay.
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Right. On page 2, the second paragraph.
- 17 MR. BUSHNELL: Yes.
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Why is not -- why isn't that Section 103 19prior art?
- 20 MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. Prior art, as the Board did point out in its 21remand --
- JUDGE BARRY: Actually, for the record, why don't we just go 23ahead and read that. Do you want to read that into the -- that sentence into 24the record, please?

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- MR. BUSHNELL: Applicant believes that the power management 2control apparatus illustrated in Figure 1 is simply an example of a power 3management control apparatus that was well known by people with ordinary 4skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention, period.
- Now, "prior art" is a rather technical term. It's defined under 35 6U.S.C. Section 103. By reference there are several paragraphs of 102. So 7the fact that something is old does not make it prior art under 102. The fact 8that it's well known in the community does not make it prior art under 102.
- 9 We have a one-year grace period. And applicants are fairly diligent in 10getting these applications filed well before they're outside of that one-year 11period. So I can't say Figure 1 is prior art.
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: That's for the applicant's own work, 13though.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Pardon?
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Isn't the grace period for the applicant's 16own work? Not for something that one of ordinary skill in the art would 17know.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Well, there's more than one entity working on any 19particular problem at any one time. And I've had a number of cases over the 20years unrelated where two people came up with essentially the same 21invention, not ideal -- or, excuse me, not identical.
- But the examiner called up and said, now, here's the attorney's name 23out in San Francisco and he's got a case pending with this or whatever. One 24time it was NASA. Both inventors were NASA. So we figured out who 25was first and that sort of thing.

- But that happens. But it's still -- neither one is prior art. But they 2came up with their solution. They reduced it to practice at least 3constructively by filing within the short period of time.
- And what they were doing when they made that invention may very 5well be the subject matter of an earlier application. It's hard to say, because 6we don't do all the applications for this particular applicant. But I did 7search. And I couldn't find any evidence that they've ever filed this.
- What the Board is really getting at on Figure 1 are these different 9power states. Now, the Board struggled with that years and years ago in a 10completely different application. Fortuitously, it is also the subject of re11issue application and appeal, maybe a second appeal. I don't know.
- And I think the long and the short of it is the Board said, yeah, there's 13power-on states, there's power, whatever, standby states when power is 14applied to some of the monitor and not others; that sort of thing.
- It's a much different case and, I believe, different inventors; but this -16that's what you're getting at.
- So if -- what we need to do here is to distinguish the claims over the 18examiner's proposed combination of Figure 1 modified according to the 680 19reference or -- excuse me. Yeah, 630 reference.
- JUDGE BARRY: Counsel, is that a related case or is it based on the 21same spec?
- MR. BUSHNELL: No, it's not related at all.
- JUDGE BARRY: Okay.

- MR. BUSHNELL: It was a case that the Board had originally -- I 2think it was filed like '89 or '90. And the Board's original decision was only 3on one claim. It was Examiner Buczinski.
- And by the time it got up here he had allowed all but one claim. And 5the Board reversed that rejection. And I think they gave -- there were two 6102 references. And the Board gave five reasons for the one reference 7distinguished over and four for the other.
- All that is the subject of re-issue recapture now, whether the Board by 9reversing created a re-issue recapture; but that's a different case.
- The point of it is that the Board recognized pretty much sua sponte, 11that is, on its own, that there were these different levels of power applied to, 12for example, a television set, not specifically a cathode ray tube.
- Now, the examiner went and -- I guess I have to assume he -- unlike 14the typical case when I come up here, where should the examiner search, I 15guess he found the best start he could, because it seems cogent.
- The deficiencies are -- we now have some more guidance from John 17Deere and KSR. This is not KSR. There's no Asano reference that was not 18considered by the examiner here.
- In Asano the Supreme Court fully considered nine different patent 20references in detail. And they said that you've got to do that which I gather 21that the CSC, for whatever reason, didn't start dissecting the nuts and bolts 22of each of those references.
- Often it will be necessary for a court to look at the inner-related 24teachings of multiple patents all in order to determine whether there was 25apparent reason to combine the known elements in the fashion claimed in

37Appeal 2007-1953

38Application 09/942,961

39

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1the patent at issue. And then they said to facilitate its review the analysis 2should be made explicit.

- So what we've got -- and the court recognized, the Supreme Court, a 4patent is composed of several elements. And it's not proved obvious merely 5by demonstrating that each of its elements was independently known in the 6prior art.
- And then they go off and invoke common sense. Okay. It's a rather, I 8guess, helpful bit of guidance to us that we've got to look at these references 9carefully.
- Now, the examiner's secondary reference is, as the Board pointed out 11in its remand -- the Board was considered -- about claim 11 which is broad.
- And the examiner's secondary reference is cutting power, as it says. It 13has a power switch 40 best illustrated in Figure 3 of his drawings. It's the 14upper right-hand corner. There's an inverter 96 coming out of the switch. 15And it controls the -- I guess the light-emitting diode. It's not numbered in 16the 102, the optical coupler. And you only have one lead from power supply 1722 to the monitor, 12.
- Now, remember that the Board --
- 19 JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Excuse me. Were these arguments 20presented in the brief?
- 21 MR. BUSHNELL: Pardon?
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Were these arguments presented in the 23brief?
- MR. BUSHNELL: Yeah. Yes, they were. I didn't write the brief, but 25they were in detail.

43Appeal 2007-1953 44Application 09/942,961 45

46

- JUDGE BARRY: Maybe for when we go back to decide perhaps you 2can point out where as you go along.
- 3 MR. BUSHNELL: Sure. But they're also presented in the claim.
- Now, what the broad claim 11 talks about -- it's a power supply 5providing power to the heater; a switch disposed between the power supply 6and the heater switching off power provided for the heater.
- Now, the secondary reference doesn't talk about a heater. Now, you 8did provide in your remand a detailed explanation of cathode ray tubes. And 9they call them triodes and tetrodes, but the thing they have in there 10uniformly is what's called an indirectly heated cathode. That's where the 11heater is.
- This is kind of high school electronics or whatever. You also have 13directly heated cathodes. And there's no heater. The problem with the 14primary or, excuse me, the secondary reference is if you look at the 15reference, the textbook that you provided in the remand, you've got grids. 16Some of them have two grids. Some have three. And then there's the anode.
- Now, you've got to have a potential difference. And it's substantial, a 18thousand volts or plus -- more than a thousand volts between the cathode 19whether it's directly heated with a -- or whether it's indirectly heated as this 20claim envisions.
- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Well, actually, I found those arguments in 22the brief. Like page 29 of the brief --
- 23 MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. We did --

49Appeal 2007-1953 50Application 09/942,961 51

52

- JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: -- it addresses -- it addresses claim 11.

  2And it says that the rejection is error because the examiner improperly relied 3on Figure 1 of the specification.
- 4 MR. BUSHNELL: Right. You're on page 29?
- 5 JUDGE BLANKENSHIP: Right.
- 6 MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. Okay. All right.
- Now, all of these other pages are -- even though they're denominated 8with a subheading referring to a particular claim, they've got, what, 10 9independent claims in here? 11 is just the broadest claim.
- These other arguments are not excluded from consideration in the --11for the reasons for allowance of claim 11.
- JUDGE LUCAS: I'm sorry, Mr. Bushnell.
- MR. BUSHNELL: The fact that --
- JUDGE LUCAS: May I interrupt for a second?
- MR. BUSHNELL: Sure.
- JUDGE LUCAS: You are making a point between directly and 17indirectly heated cathodes.
- MR. BUSHNELL: That's correct.
- JUDGE LUCAS: Am I -- are you reading something into claim 11 20that I don't see? Because all I see in claim 11 --
- MR. BUSHNELL: No. Claim 11 has a directly heated cathode.
- JUDGE LUCAS: It doesn't even say directly or indirectly. It just 23says a heater.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Excuse me. An indirectly heated. "Heater" is 25intrinsic to indirectly heated cathode, the same as the treatise you gave us.

55Appeal 2007-1953 56Application 09/942,961 57

58

10kay. But that's not the only electrode in a cathode ray tube of a monitor. 20kay.

- JUDGE LUCAS: But are you saying that because of some reference 4in the spec "heater" in claim 11 refers only to indirectly and not directly or is 5it --
- 6 MR. BUSHNELL: Well, you don't have a heater in the directly 7heated.
- 8 JUDGE LUCAS: Well, every cathode has to be heated.
- 9 MR. BUSHNELL: Well, it's a cathode that would be directly --
- JUDGE LUCAS: The cathode itself is the -- is the heat source.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Well, okay, you can say that. And that would 12broaden the scope of claim 11. And I would appreciate it if you would, 13but --
- JUDGE LUCAS: But you don't believe that that's a reasonable 15reading for rejection purposes of claim 11?
- MR. BUSHNELL: You could do that; but that's not my point, though. 17My point is the examiner's proposed combination is interrupting a single 18source of voltage to a monitor. And he's not specifically saying where that 19voltage is applied whereas we've got, what, five or more anodes --
- JUDGE BARRY: Mr. Bushnell, again, just to help us for when we go 21back to deliberate --
- MR. BUSHNELL: Yeah.
- JUDGE BARRY: -- where -- would you point to a page or a 24paragraph where -- that just sort of capsulizes the argument you're making 25now?

61Appeal 2007-1953 62Application 09/942,961 63

64

- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. I'll try to. Can I do that with a single 2supplemental after I leave here? Would that be okay?
- 3 JUDGE BARRY: No. No. We need that --
- 4 MR. BUSHNELL: Because we did that before. And it took like 20 5minutes to go through on a different case.
- JUDGE BARRY: Well, our concern is that we can't -- we can't have a 7new argument being made here at the oral hearing.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. That -- yeah, that's your concern; but 9there's a reason for the oral hearing. We have like 800 years of common law 10as to what the purpose of the oral hearing is and the fact that what's argued at 11the oral hearing cannot be ignored.
- And, you know, quite often it's very helpful. And the Board does cite 13-- other times they tend to say, well, that's a newly raised attorney's 14argument.
- JUDGE BARRY: Well, the former would be permissible; but the 16latter would not. We cannot entertain -- our hands are tied here. We cannot 17entertain a new argument at the oral hearing. So I think what Judge 18Blankenship is trying to ensure is that --
- MR. BUSHNELL: That we address this issue.
- JUDGE BARRY: Yes.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Well, I think in the efficacy of the prosecution, 220kay, we'll do it. Let me go through the brief then.
- JUDGE BARRY: Our time is almost up. So if you want to just 24summarize, that's fine, too.

67Appeal 2007-1953 68Application 09/942,961 69

70

- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. What we have here, applicant for whatever 2reason realized there was an advantage to cutting power to the heater. Okay. 3And they did that. How did they do it? They put a switch here.
- What the examiner has done is suggest taking what the applicant was 5doing at the time he made his invention -- taking only the switch and cutting 6the power to the heater. There -- unlike what KSR had, there's no standard 7switch.
- 8 JUDGE BARRY: Okay.
- 9 MR. BUSHNELL: The sensor in KSR was well known. It did the 10same thing in nine different applications. That's not what we have here.
- JUDGE BARRY: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Bushnell.
- MR. BUSHNELL: Sure.
- 13 JUDGE BARRY: Do you want --
- MR. BUSHNELL: Excuse me. KSR wasn't available when this thing 15was briefed.
- JUDGE BARRY: Do you want the -- do you want the supplemental 17brief that he's offering, Mr. Blankenship?
- We are -- since Judge Blankenship is the only judge from the original 19panel, he's the most --
- 20 MR. BUSHNELL: Oh, I'm sorry. I thought --
- JUDGE BARRY: That's why I keep asking him. That's why we're --22for us this is sort of our first impression. That's why I keep deferring to him.
- 23 MR. BUSHNELL: Okay.
- JUDGE BARRY: But if he doesn't find it necessary --
- MR. BUSHNELL: Okay. I'd be happy to do that.

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1	JUDGE BARRY: Okay. Thank you, sir.
2	MR. BUSHNELL: Thank you.
3	(Whereupon, the proceedings at 9:22 a.m. were concluded.
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